114700 to 114823-Continued.

on the midrib of the leaves and followed by black fruits.

For previous introduction see 99175.

114751. HOLBOWLLIA FARGESI Réaub. Lardizabalaceae.

No. 92. An evergreen twining shrub up to about 20 feet high, with five to nine leaflets, usually oblong-lanceolate, and small flowers, the pistillate purplish, the staminate greenish white. Native to central and western China.

114752. Hosiba sinensis (Oliver) Hemsl. and E. H. Wils. Icacinaceae.

No. 93. A woody climber about 8 feet high, with cordate leaves 2 to 4 inches long and small whitish flowers followed by orange fruits about one-half inch long. Native to western China.

114753. HYDRANGEA ANOMALA D. Don. Hydrangeaceae.

No. 95. A climbing shrub up to 15 feet, with ovate leaves 3 to 6 inches long and large corymbs of white flowers. Native to Nepal at 4,000 to 10,000 feet altitude.

114754. HYDRANGEA STRIGOSA Rehd. Hydrangeaceae.

No. 96. A shrub 8 feet high, with strigose branchlets. The leaves, oblong-ovate to elliptic-lanceolate, acuminate serrulate or serrate, are sparingly strigose or nearly glabrous above, but densely strigose below and from 3 to 7 inches long. The sterile flowers, white or sometimes purple and over an inch across, are in cymes 4 to 6 inches wide. Native to central China.

For previous introduction see 99176.

114755. IDESIA POLYCARPA Maxim. Flacourtiaceae.

No. 98. A deciduous tree up to 45 feet high, with large ovate to oblong-ovate leaves and small, greenish-yellow fragrant flowers in pendulous panicles up to a foot long. Native to Japan.

114756. IDESIA POLYCARPA VESTITA Diels. Flacourtiaceae.

No. 99. A variety with the leaves densely pubescent below. Native to western China.

114757. ILEX CORALLINA Franch. Aquifoliaceae. Coral holly.

No. 100. A graceful bushy evergreen shrub up to 10 feet high, which does not have the rigid appearance of most other hollies. The ovate-lanceolate leaves are thin but tough, spiny-serrate and from 4 to 6 inches long, brilliant green on top and pale green underneath. The small coral-red fruits are in dense clusters. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see 103427.

114758. ILEX LATIFOLIA FANGII Rehd. Aquifoliaceae.

No. 101. A variety with smaller, narrower, and thinner leaves. Native to Szechwan, China.

114759. ILEX PERNYI Franch. Aquifoliaceae.

No. 102. A dense-growing evergreen holly of a very dwarf and compact habit, with small dark-green spiny leaves squarish at the base, and red berries. Probably

114700 to 114823-Continued.

allied to *Ilex cornuta*, and first discovered by Père Paul Perny in western China.

For previous introduction see 103221,

114760. JASMINUM UROPHYLLUM Hemsl. Oleaceae.

No. 105. A climbing shrub 6 feet long, similar to Jasminum dispernum, but with fewer yellow flowers. Native to western China

114761. LANGUAS JAPONICA (Thunb.) Sasaki. Zinziberaceae.

No. 107. A subtropical gingerlike perennial with leafy stems about 1 foot high, the leaves rather large and lanceolate. The small reddish flowers are in terminal panicles. Native to the warmer areas of Japan.

114762. LASIANTHUS FORDII Hance. Rubia-

No. 108. A small shrub with ellipticlanceolate leaves about 4 inches long which are deep lustrous green above, and small white flowers in sessile cymes. Native to China.

114763. LIGUSTRUM COMPACTUM Hook. f. and Thoms. Oleaceae.

No. 110. A shrub or small tree sometimes 30 feet high, native to the mountains of southwestern China. The persistent leaves are 3 to 6 inches long and the small white flowers, in large panicles, are followed by blue-black fruits.

For previous introduction see 111361.

114764. LINDERA COMMUNIS Hemsl. Lau-

No. 111. An evergreen shrub or small tree up to 15 feet high, with somewhat lanceolate leaves about 3 inches long and umbels of small yellow flowers, followed by dark-red fruits. Native to central and western China.

114765. LINDERA MEGAPHYLLA Hemsl. Lauraceae.

No. 112. An evergreen shrub or tree up to 60 feet high, with large oblong or oblanceolate, lustrous leaves and umbelg of numerous small yellow flowers appearing in March and April. Native to central China.

For previous introduction see 111364.

114766. LINDERA STRYCHNIFOLIA HEMSLEY-ANA Diels. Lauraceae.

No. 113. A deciduous bush 6 to 9 feet high, with lanceolate to ovate leaves, clusters of small yellow flowers, and black fruits. Native to western China at altitudes of 3,000 to 5,000 feet.

114767. LITSEA POPULIFOLIA (Hemsl.) Gamble. Lauraceae.

No. 114. A shrub or small tree native to western China, with obovate leathery leaves about 4 inches long and small black berries.

114768. LONICERA FUCHSIOIDES Hemsl. Caprifoliaceae.

No. 115. An erect shrub with stiff, oblong or ovate-oblong leaves up to 6 inches long and orange or reddish flowers about an inch long in pairs and in many-flowered terminal racemes. Native to western China.